

OMNIPOD® 5

CAREGIVER GUIDE



#1
Favourite
Pump¹

*2022 Patient Choice
Award U.S.*

omnipod
automated insulin
delivery system

5

¹Source: The Omnipod® 5 System was named 2022 Patient Choice Award Winner for preferred pump in the United States; Source: Seagrove Patient Perspectives Survey Report (304 Total Responses, 229 T1D, 75 T2D - 203 pumpers, 64 MDI, 37 on-MDI). Seagrove Partners, LLC Patient Perspectives Report, December 2022. Insulet data on file.





Table of contents

SECTION 1: Basics

What is type 1 diabetes?.....	4
What is the Omnipod® 5 System?.....	6
Omnipod 5 Home screen	7
How to deliver a bolus.....	8

SECTION 2: Response

Managing glucose levels.....	10
How to change a Pod.....	12
Managing activity and exercise.....	16

SECTION 3: Troubleshooting

Alerts/alarms.....	18
Viewing history.....	19
System states	20

This guide will help you feel comfortable taking care of someone with diabetes using the Omnipod 5 Automated Insulin Delivery System. Let's start with the basics!

What is type 1 diabetes?

Type 1 diabetes is a chronic disease where the pancreas produces little to no insulin. People with diabetes need to replace the insulin their pancreas cannot make, either through injections or an insulin pump (standard or automated).

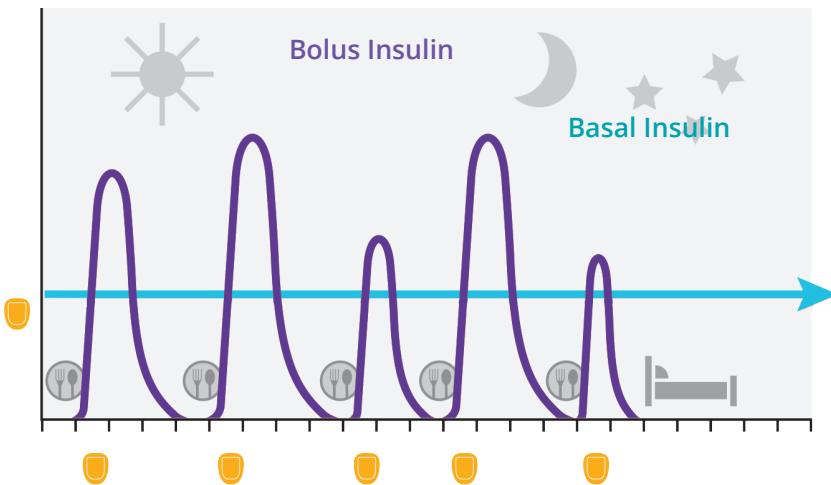
How do insulin pumps work?

Insulin pumps deliver insulin in two different ways, with basal and bolus doses.

Basal insulin covers background insulin needed to keep glucose levels in range between meals and overnight.

Bolus insulin is an additional dose of insulin needed for food (meal bolus) and/or to lower high glucose levels (correction bolus).

Insulin delivery in standard insulin pump therapy

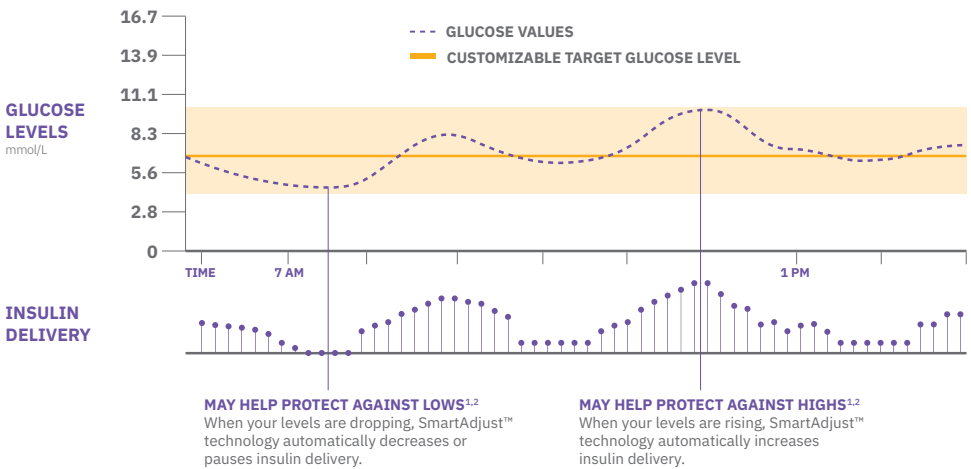


 Insulin delivery from an insulin pump, such as the Omnipod DASH® System.

Insulin delivery in Automated Insulin Delivery (AID) Systems

In AID systems like Omnipod 5, insulin delivery is adjusted automatically based on sensor glucose values. With Omnipod 5, the system automatically increases, decreases or pauses insulin delivery every 5 minutes based on where glucose is now, and where it is predicted to be in 60 minutes*.

How Omnipod 5 works



For illustrative purposes only.

NOTE!

The Omnipod 5 System will always pause insulin delivery when glucose is below 3.3 mmol/L.

* Bolus for meals and corrections are still needed

1. Study in 240 people with T1D aged 6 -70 years involving 2 weeks standard diabetes therapy followed by 3 months Omnipod 5 use in Automated Mode. Average time in Target Glucose range (from CGM) for standard therapy vs Omnipod 5 in adults/adolescents = 64.7% vs. 73.9% and children = 52.5% vs. 68.0%. Brown et al. Diabetes Care (2021).
2. Study in 80 people with T1D aged 2 -5.9 yrs involving 2 weeks standard diabetes therapy followed by 3 months Omnipod 5 use in Automated Mode. Average time in Target Glucose range (from CGM) for standard therapy vs Omnipod 5 = 57.2% vs. 68.1%. Sherr JL, et al. Diabetes Care (2022).

What is the Omnipod 5 Automated Insulin Delivery System?

The Omnipod 5 System automatically adjusts insulin delivery every 5 minutes to manage glucose levels. The system will increase, decrease or pause insulin based on the sensor glucose value and trend.

The Omnipod 5 Controller

Control the Pod's operations from the Insulet-provided Controller. Always keep the Controller close to hear any alerts and alarms.

The Omnipod 5 Pod

Tubeless, wearable and waterproof,[†] the Pod with SmartAdjust™ technology, automatically adjusts and delivers insulin for up to 3 days or 72 hours.

Dexcom G6 Sensor

Continuously sends glucose values to the Pod, so you can get real-time data[‡] without the fingerpricks.[§] A separate prescription is required for the Dexcom G6 CGM. The Dexcom G6 is sold separately and must be used with the Dexcom G6 app on a compatible smartphone*. The Dexcom G6 receiver is not compatible with the Omnipod 5 System.



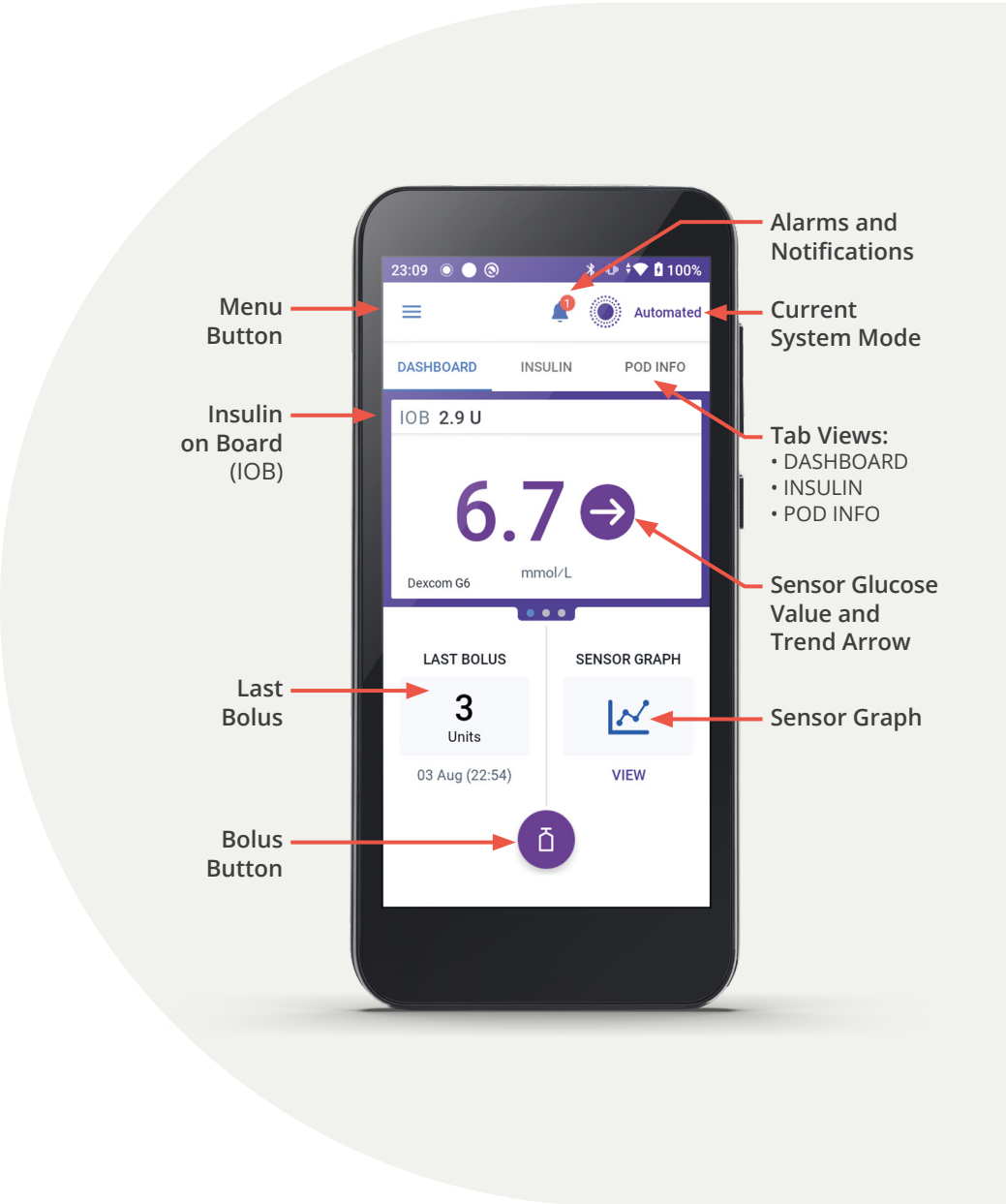
[†] The Pod has a waterproof IP28 rating for up to 7.6 metres (25 feet) for up to 60 minutes. The Omnipod® 5 Controller is not waterproof. The Dexcom G6 sensor and transmitter are water-resistant and may be submerged under 2.4 metres (8 feet) of water for up to 24 hours without failure when properly installed.

[‡] Shah VN, et al. Diabetes Technol and Ther. 2018;20(6).

[§] Fingerpricks required for diabetes treatment decisions if symptoms or expectations for not match readings.

Omnipod 5 screens are for educational purposes only. Consult your healthcare professional before using these features and for personalized recommendations.

Omnipod 5 Home screen

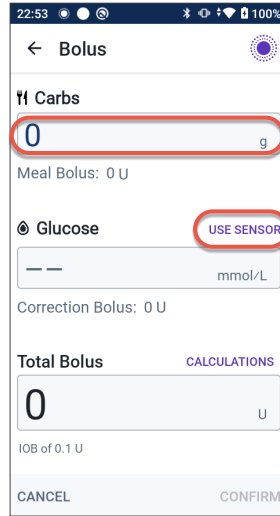


How to deliver a bolus

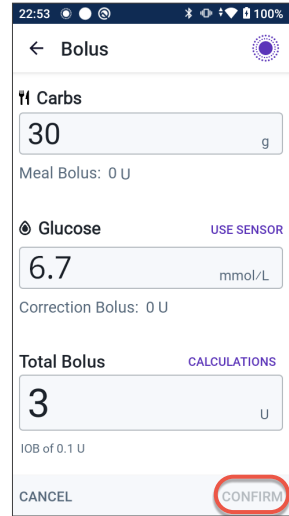
With the Omnipod 5 System, it is still important and necessary to bolus (deliver an insulin dose) for both meals and high glucose levels. It is ideal to start a meal bolus at least 15-20 minutes before eating to prevent hyperglycaemia.¹



To start a bolus, tap the Bolus button



Tap on the **Carbs** field to enter the amount of carbohydrates to be eaten
Tap **USE SENSOR** to use sensor glucose value and trend for a correction bolus*



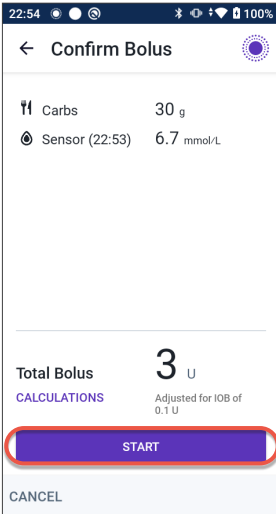
Tap **CONFIRM**

TIP!

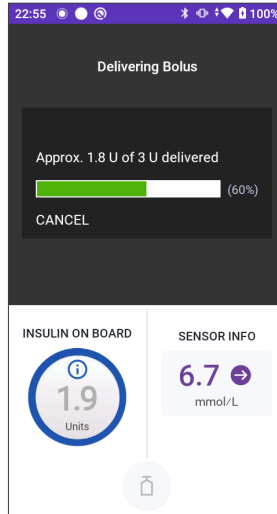
If snacking or having a second helping, do not re-enter the glucose value. Enter only the carbohydrates to keep from adding too much insulin at once. If glucose is still high a few hours after the snack or second helping, you can give a correction bolus then.

* Tap Glucose field to manually enter your BG

1. Berget C, Sherr JL, DeSalvo DJ, Kingman R, Stone S, Brown SA, Nguyen A, Barrett L, Ly T, Forlenza GP. Clinical Implementation of the Omnipod 5 Automated Insulin Delivery System: Key Considerations for Training and Onboarding People with Diabetes. Clin Diabetes. 2022;40(2):168-184.



Review the entries to ensure they are correct, then tap **START**



Confirm the screen says Delivering Bolus and shows a green progress bar before leaving the Omnipod 5 Controller

TIP!

The SmartBolus Calculator suggests insulin amounts based on glucose value, trend and active insulin. Tap CALCULATIONS to see additional information.

Managing glucose levels

Managing and responding to glucose levels can be challenging. The Omnipod 5 System automates insulin delivery, helping to protect against highs and lows.^{1,2} You may still need to respond to high glucose, and should always treat low glucose. Always follow the treatment plan provided by the primary caregiver and/or healthcare provider.

Low glucose (hypoglycaemia)

Low glucose is when the amount of glucose drops below 3.9 mmol/L. If the person with diabetes suspects that the glucose is low, check glucose to confirm. If symptoms do not match sensor readings, test glucose levels with BG meter.

Symptoms of hypoglycaemia include:



Irritable



Hungry



Weak



Confused



Sweaty

Potential causes of a low glucose:

Food

- Did they eat as many carbohydrates as planned?
- Did they delay eating after taking their insulin?

Activity

- Were they more active than usual?

Medication

- Did they take more insulin or medication than usual?

1. Study in 240 people with T1D aged 6–70 years involving 2 weeks standard diabetes therapy followed by 3 months Omnipod 5 use in Automated Mode. Average time in Target Glucose range (from CGM) for standard therapy vs Omnipod 5 in adults/adolescents = 64.7% vs. 73.9% and children = 52.5% vs. 68.0%. Brown et al. Diabetes Care (2021).

2. Study in 80 people with T1D aged 2–5.9 yrs involving 2 weeks standard diabetes therapy followed by 3 months Omnipod 5 use in Automated Mode. Average time in Target Glucose range (from CGM) for standard therapy vs Omnipod 5 = 57.2% vs. 68.1%. Sherr JL, et al. Diabetes Care (2022).

3. Boughton CK, Hartnell S, Allen JM, Fuchs J, Hovorka R. Training and Support for Hybrid Closed-Loop Therapy. J Diabetes Sci Technol. 2022 Jan;16(1):218-223.

High glucose (hyperglycaemia)

High glucose is when there is too much glucose in their blood, usually over 13.9 mmol/L. It is important to check glucose before treating for hyperglycaemia.

Symptoms of hyperglycaemia include:



Frequent Urination



Feeling Tired



Blurry Vision



Weight Loss



Thirsty

1. Check glucose.
2. If glucose is higher than 13.9 mmol/L follow their healthcare provider's instructions for checking for ketones.
3. If ketones are not present, take a correction bolus from Pod as prescribed.
4. Continue to monitor glucose and treat as instructed by their healthcare provider.

Potential causes of a high glucose:

Food

- Did they increase their portion size of carbohydrates without accounting for it?
- Did they correctly calculate how much insulin to take?

Activity

- Were they less active than usual?

Wellness

- Are they feeling stressed or scared?
- Do they have a cold, flu or other illness?
- Are they taking any new medications?
- Have they ran out of insulin in their Pod?
- Is their insulin expired?

TIP!

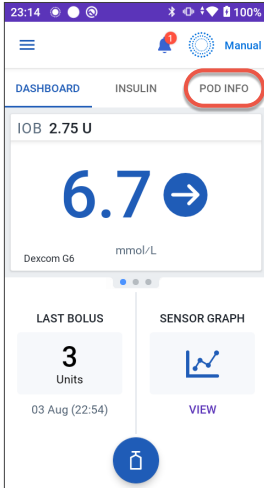
These are the most common symptoms to look for:

Low: _____

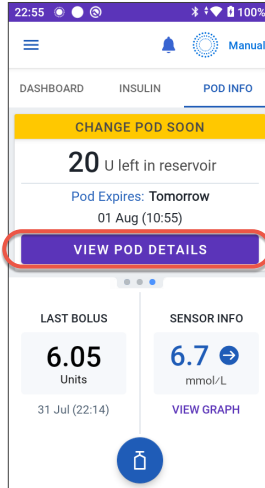
High: _____

How to change a Pod

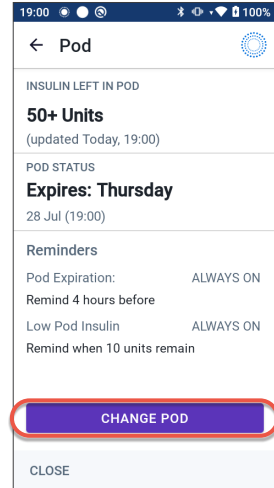
The Pod should be changed every 72 hours or when it has run out of insulin. There also may be rare instances when a Pod change is necessary for the system to keep working.



To deactivate and change Pod, tap **POD INFO**



Tap **VIEW POD DETAILS**



Tap **CHANGE POD**, and then tap **DEACTIVATE POD**. If the Pod has already been deactivated, tap **SET UP NEW POD** on the home screen

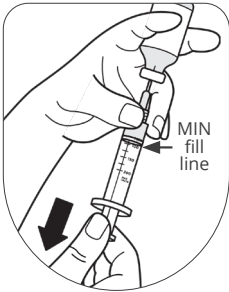
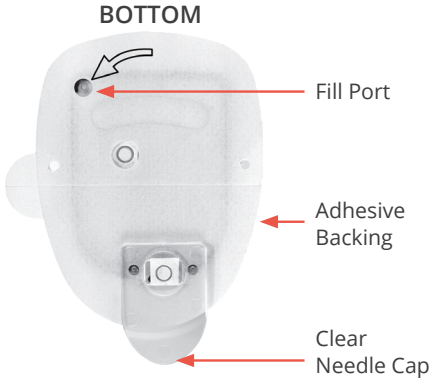
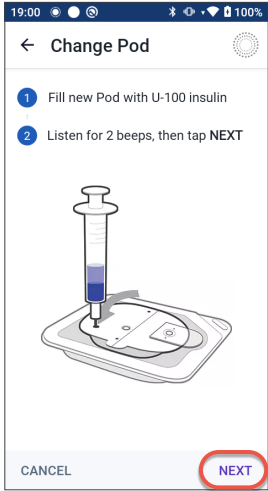
Removing old Pod

1. Gently lift the edges of the adhesive tape from the user's skin and remove the entire Pod. Remove the Pod slowly to help avoid possible skin irritation.
2. Use soap and water to remove any adhesive that remains on the skin, or, if necessary, use an adhesive remover.
3. Check the infusion site for signs of infection.
4. Dispose of the used Pod according to local waste disposal regulations.

Caution: Do not apply a new Pod until you have deactivated and removed the old Pod. A Pod that has not been deactivated properly can continue to deliver insulin as programmed, putting the user at risk of over infusion and possible hypoglycaemia.

Filling a new Pod

1. Take the fill needle and twist clockwise onto syringe. Remove protective cap on needle.
 2. Pull back on plunger to draw air into syringe equal to the amount of insulin.
 3. Empty air into vial of insulin.
 4. Turn vial and syringe upside down and withdraw insulin.
 5. Tap or flick syringe to remove any bubbles.
- Leaving the Pod in its tray, insert the syringe straight down into the fill port and empty out all of the insulin. Be sure the Pod beeps twice. Put the Controller right next to the Pod and press NEXT.

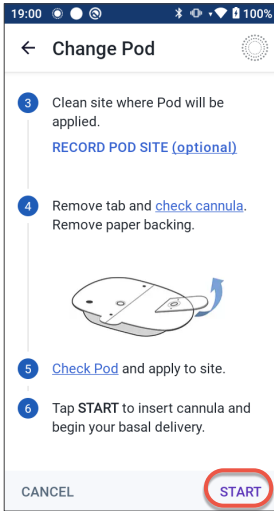


TIP!

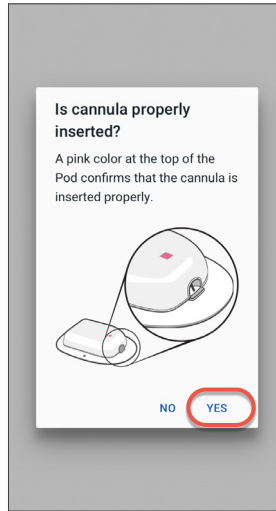
You must fill the Pod with at least 85 units of insulin, but no more than 200 units.

Fill the Pod with ___ units

Pod placement



Carefully follow the on-screen instructions. See right for proper Pod locations



Check the Pod after insertion to ensure that the cannula was properly inserted by looking to see if the pink window is visible

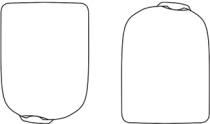
TIP!

For optimal connectivity, the Pod should be placed in direct line of sight of the sensor. Always put the Pod in a new location.

Pod positioning

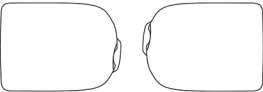
Arm & Leg:

Position the Pod vertically or at a slight angle.



Back, Abdomen & Buttocks:

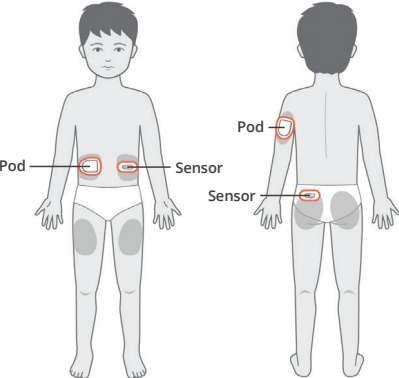
Position the Pod horizontally or at a slight angle.



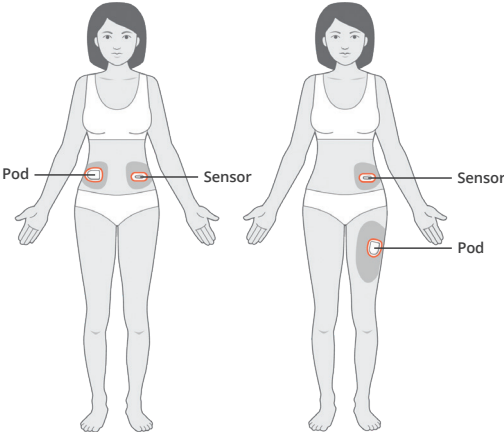
Pod shown without the necessary adhesive.

Best placement for Sensor and Pod

CHILD



YOUTH/ADULT



Managing activity and exercise

What is the Activity feature?

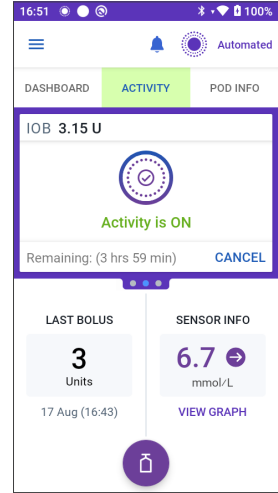
While in Automated Mode, there may be times when the person living with diabetes would like less insulin automatically delivered. When the Activity feature is started, the SmartAdjust™ technology reduces insulin delivery and automatically sets the target glucose to 8.3 mmol/L for the time you choose.

When can the Activity feature be used?

During activities like sports, swimming, yard work, a walk in the park, or any other time when the glucose level tends to decrease.

How do I start the Activity feature?

1. Tap the menu button
2. Tap **ACTIVITY**
3. Enter the desired duration, then tap **CONFIRM**
4. Tap **START**



TIP!

This is when we like to use the Activity feature:



The Pod has a waterproof IP28 rating for up to 7.6 metres (25 feet) for up to 60 minutes. The Omnipod® 5 Controller is not waterproof. The Dexcom G6 sensor and transmitter are water-resistant and may be submerged under 2.4 metres (8 feet) of water for up to 24 hours without failure when properly installed.

Notifications, alerts and alarms

Follow the instructions on the screens to acknowledge the alarms and take action.



Hazard Alarms

High priority alarms that indicate a serious problem has occurred and a Pod change may be needed

WARNING:

Respond to Hazard Alarms as soon as possible. Pod Hazard Alarms indicate that insulin delivery has stopped. Failure to respond to a Hazard Alarm can result in hyperglycaemia.



Advisory Alarms

Lower priority alarms that indicate a situation exists that needs attention



Notifications

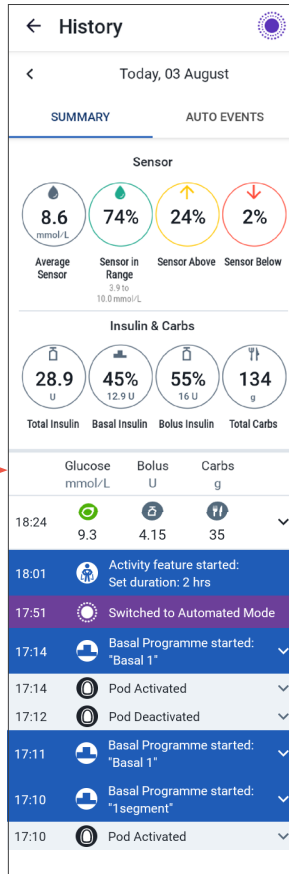
Reminder of an action that should be performed

Viewing history

To view the history summary and detail information go to the History Detail screen by tapping the Menu button (☰) and then tapping History Detail.

Details Section

- Swipe to see expanded details
- You can see record of previous activity from the Pod, including bolus history, switches between modes, and activation of different features, such as the Activity feature



Date

- Tap AUTO EVENTS to see automated details
- Tap SUMMARY to view the average sensor glucose value and Sensor in Range

System states

There are times when the Pod, sensor, and/or Omnipod 5 Controller have issues communicating, but there are simple steps that can fix these issues.

Automated Mode: Limited

Automated Mode: Limited occurs when the Pod and sensor lose connection while in Automated Mode. When this occurs, the system can no longer fully adjust automated insulin delivery but will continue to deliver basal insulin until sensor glucose values return.

What should you do?

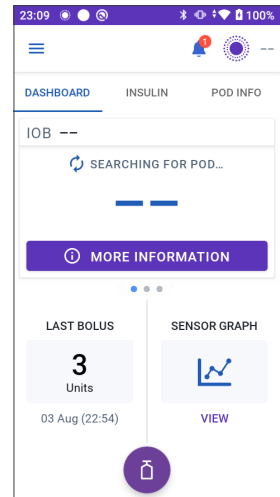
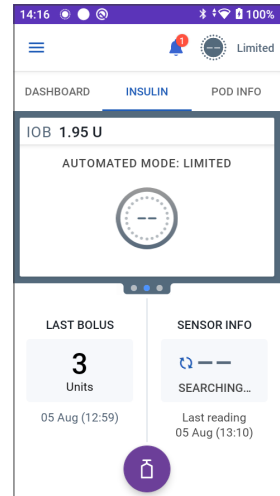
- First, make sure the Pod and Dexcom CGM are in a direct line of sight and ensure that the Dexcom app is still receiving values.
- If the Dexcom app is still receiving values, then it could be an issue with the Pod communicating with the Dexcom CGM. If not, then the issue may be with the Dexcom CGM.

No Pod communication

There may be times when the Pod and Omnipod 5 Controller are unable to communicate. If you see a “No Pod Communication” message, don’t worry. The Pod is still delivering insulin according to its last instructions, and will update the Pod status when communication is restored.

What should you do?

- First bring the Omnipod 5 Controller and active Pod closer – within 5 feet of each other to try to restore communication.
- If the communication issue remains, the Omnipod 5 Controller will offer you options to resolve the communication issue. Leave any options to DISCARD or DEACTIVATE POD as last choice after trying the other options.



Supplies to have on hand:

Always keep an emergency kit with you to quickly respond to any diabetes emergency or in the case that your Omnipod 5 System stops working. Always carry supplies to perform a Pod change should you need to replace your Pod at any time.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Several new Pods | <input type="checkbox"/> Ketone meter and strips
or ketone urine strips |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A vial of insulin and syringes | <input type="checkbox"/> Lancets |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Glucose tabs or other
fast-acting carbohydrates | <input type="checkbox"/> Alcohol swabs |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dexcom supplies | <input type="checkbox"/> Glucagon kit |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Blood glucose meter and strips | <input type="checkbox"/> Omnipod 5 Caregiver Guide |
-

Notes:

Add additional information here, such as daily schedule, or how to change a sensor.

Contact Information

Primary Caregiver: _____

Customer Care: [0800 011 6132]

Important User Information

The Omnipod 5 Automated Insulin Delivery System is indicated for use by individuals with Type 1 diabetes mellitus in persons 2 years of age and older. The Omnipod 5 System is intended for single patient, home use and requires a prescription. The Omnipod 5 System is compatible with the following U-100 insulins: NovoLog® / Novorapid®, Humalog®, and Admelog® / Insulin lispro Sanofi®.

The Omnipod 5 Insulin Pump (Pod) is intended for the subcutaneous delivery of insulin, at set and variable rates, for the management of diabetes mellitus in persons requiring insulin. The Omnipod 5 Insulin Pump is able to reliably and securely communicate with compatible, digitally connected devices, including automated insulin dosing software, to receive, execute, and confirm commands from these devices. SmartAdjust™ technology is intended for use with compatible integrated continuous glucose monitors (iCGM) and alternate controller enabled (Insulin) pumps to automatically increase, decrease, and pause delivery of insulin based on current and predicted glucose values. The SmartBolus Calculator is intended to calculate a suggested bolus dose based on user-entered carbohydrates, most recent sensor glucose value (or blood glucose reading if using fingerstick), rate of change of the sensor glucose (if applicable), insulin on board (IOB), and programmable correction factor, insulin to carbohydrate ratio, and target glucose value.

WARNING: SmartAdjust™ technology should NOT be used by anyone under the age of 2 years old. SmartAdjust™ technology should also NOT be used in people who require less than 5 units of insulin per day as the safety of the technology has not been evaluated in this population.

The Omnipod 5 System is NOT recommended for people who are unable to monitor glucose as recommended by their healthcare provider, are unable to maintain contact with their healthcare provider, are unable to use the Omnipod 5 System according to instructions, are taking hydroxyurea as it could lead to falsely elevated CGM values and result in over-delivery of insulin that can lead to severe hypoglycaemia, and do NOT have adequate hearing and/or vision to allow recognition of all functions of the Omnipod 5 System, including alerts, alarms, and reminders. Device components including the Pod, CGM transmitter, and CGM sensor must be removed before Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Computed Tomography (CT) scan, or diathermy treatment. In addition, the Controller and smartphone should be placed outside of the procedure room. Exposure to MRI, CT, or diathermy treatment can damage the components. Visit www.omnipod.com/safety for additional important safety information.

WARNING: DO NOT start to use the Omnipod 5 System or change settings without adequate training and guidance from a healthcare provider. Initiating and adjusting settings incorrectly can result in over-delivery or under-delivery of insulin, which could lead to hypoglycaemia or hyperglycaemia.





Customer Care: **0800 011 6132**

Insulet Netherlands BV Stadsplateau 7, 3521 AZ Utrecht, Netherlands

[omnipod.com](https://www.omnipod.com)

For more information on indications, warnings and complete instructions on how to use the Omnipod 5 System, please consult the Omnipod 5 User Guide.
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